## ALLIED FOR ACCOUNTING & AUDITING ARAB CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (EY)

# (RSM EGYPT)

TALAAT MOSTAFA GROUP HOLDING COMPANY "TMG HOLDING" (S.A.E) CONSOLIDATED INERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 TOGETHER WITH REVIEW REPORT

## Talaat Mostafa Group Holding Company "TMG Holding" (S.A.E) Consolidated Financial Statements For The Six Months Ended 30 June 2018

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## ALLIED FOR ACCOUNTING & AUDITING (EY)

### ARAB CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (RSM EGYPT)

translation of auditors' report originally issued in Arabic

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF TALAAT MOSTAFA GROUP HOLDING COMPANY "TMG HOLDING" (S.A.E)

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated financial position of Talaat Mostafa Group Holding Company "TMG Holding" (S.A.E) as at 30 June 2018 and the related statements of consolidated income (profit or loss), comprehensive income, changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the six months ended in that date, and summary of the main accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Egyptian accounting standards, our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim consolidated financial statements based on our review.

#### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Egyptian Standard on review engagement no. (2410) "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent Auditor of the entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian standards on auditing. Consequently, it does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Consequently; we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that accompanying interim consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects for the financial position of the company as at 30 June 2018, and its financial performance and cash flows for the six months ended in that date in accordance with Egyptian accounting standards.

Cairo: 14 August 2018

**Auditors** 

Mandy Hashish & priseners

RSM Egypt - Chartered Accoutants

(RAA. 9473)

(CMAR. 118)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

(RSM EGYPT) Magdy Hashish & Co (CMAR. 103)

**ALLIED FOR ACCOUNTING & AUDITING** 

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# STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL POSITION As of 30 June 2018

	Notes	30 June 2018 LE	31 December 2017 LE
Assets			
Non-current Assets			
Property and equipment	(4)	4,627,640,584	3,833,888,349
Investment properties	(5)	117,423,784	112,794,864
Intangible assets	(6)	1,897,771	2,305,811
Fixed assets under construction	(7)	2,950,735,284	2,785,342,593
Goodwill	(8)	13,581,482,464	13,581,482,464
Investments in associates	(9)	2,957,396	2,957,396
Available for sale investments	(10)	97,988,081	98,003,177
Investments in financial assets held to maturity	(11)	2,589,224,250	2,516,129,624
Total non-current assets		23,969,349,614	22,932,904,278
Current assets		-	
Finished units		21,742,803	21,742,803
Development properties	(14)	32,646,465,563	24,410,371,594
Inventory	(15)	302,643,629	57,974,867
Accounts and notes receivable	(13)	18,810,938,925	18,329,243,039
Prepaid expenses and other debit balances	(16)	5,825,800,028	3,460,841,996
Available for sale investments	(10)	9,251,335	9,251,335
Financial assets held to maturity	(11)	232,051,148	554,404,102
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	(12)	2,265,589	3,139,353
Cash and cash equivalents	(17)	4,929,819,616	3,339,565,205
Total current assets	(,	62,780,978,636	50,186,534,294
Total assets		86,750,328,250	73,119,438,572
Equity			
Authorized capital	(22)	30,000,000,000	30,000,000,000
Issued and paid up capital	(22)	20,635,622,860	20.635,622,860
Legal reserve	(23)	274,484,336	250,250,347
General reserve	(24)	61,735,404	61,735,404
Unrealized gain on available for sale investments	(25)	46,705,304	46,852,929
Accumulative translation adjustment	· ,	2,437,495	2,437,495
Retained earnings		6,820,233,518	5,810,239,156
Net profit for the period / year		731,733,952	1,326,833,010
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE			
PARENT COMPANY		28,572,952,869	28,133,971,201
Non-controlling interests		1,034,589,350	1,018,951,794
TOTAL EQUITY		29,607,542,219	29,152,922,995

# STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL POSITION (Continue)

As of 30 June 2018

(26)	2,934,270,067	2,948,560,045
(27)	5,194,253,348	4,169,619,381
(28)	112,011,977	108,304,599
	8,240,535,392	7,226,484,025
	V.9	
	17,104,934	2,319,180
(26)	1,478,119,937	1,726,561,168
(26)	639,657,938	555,186,788
(18)	11,423,630,385	3,720,397,457
(19)	27,965,004,530	24,117,965,626
(20)	246,445,844	250,568,197
(28)	263,864,594	515,148,715
(21)	6,868,422,477	5,851,884,421
	48,902,250,639	36,740,031,552
	57,142,786,031	43,966,515,577
	86,750,328,250	73,119,438,572
	(27) (28) (26) (26) (18) (19) (20) (28)	(27) 5,194,253,348 (28) 112,011,977 8,240,535,392 17,104,934 (26) 1,478,119,937 (26) 639,657,938 (18) 11,423,630,385 (19) 27,965,004,530 (20) 246,445,844 (28) 263,864,594 (21) 6,868,422,477 48,902,250,639 57,142,786,031

Chairman

Tarek Talaat Mostafa

Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director

Hisham Talaat Moustafa

Financia Director

\*X* 

Ghaleb Ahmed Fayed

Auditors

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<sup>-</sup> The attached notes (1) to (38) are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements

<sup>-</sup> Review' report attached.

# STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM INCOME (PROFIT OR LOSS) For The Six Months Ended 30 June 2018

		For the six months ended 30 June 2018	For the six months ended 30 June 2017	For the three months ended 30 June 2018	For the three months ended 30 June 2017
	Notes		20110 2017	June 2010	Julie 2017
<b>—</b>		LE	LE	LE	LE
Real estate development revenues	(29)	2,775,162,425	2,535,935,163	1,684,945,723	1,580,189,831
Real estate development costs	(29)	(1,636,200,598)	(1,593,743,971)	(983,982,589)	(1,032,048,775)
Gross profit from real estate development		1,138,961,827	942,191,192	700,963,134	548,141,056
Hospitality and other recurring revenues	(29)	1,192,604,937	796,837,227	669,484,894	466,676,678
Cost of hospitality and other recurring revenues	(29)	(764,047,135)	(536,386,924)	(483,659,001)	(318,195,638)
Gross profit from hospitality and other recurring business		420 555 002	260,450,303	185,825,893	
TOTAL GROSS PROFIT		428,557,802	1,202,641,495	886,789,027	148,481,040
		1,567,519,629			696,622,096
Marketing and selling expenses		(15,437,900)	(15,555,726)	(9,439,301)	(6,029,557)
General and administrative expenses  Donations and governmental expenses		(401,758,828)	(297,048,787)	(207,259,399)	(170,283,236)
Credit interest	40.45	(45,947,133)	(18,226,260)	(3,552,048)	(2,311,897)
Interest on bonds	(31)	110,914,387	79,358,539	64,355,500	43,111,678
Bonds amortization	(31)	9,252,468	9,202,792	4,494,590	7,669,165
Income from treasury bills	(11)	32,612	29,096	32,612	14,083
(Loss) from available for sale investments	(31)	20,679,232	34,271,068	4,098,773	16,067,526
Dividends from financial assets at fair value		•	(3,409,555)	-	(3,409,555)
through profit and loss		562 704	1,422,514	563,794	
Gain4 on sale of financial assets at fair value		563,794	11 720 011	<b>66 005</b>	1,254,514
through profit and loss		66.007	11,730,011	66,097	<b>=</b>
Gain (Loss) from revaluate financial assets at		66,097	1 244 017	20.072	7,029,756
fair value through profit or loss	(12)	144 120	1,344,017	38,063	(1.001.005)
Other income	(30)	144,128	20 105 202	20.007.020	(1,291,837)
Capital gain		54,994,088	39,105,292 <sup>-</sup>	20,007,028	7,585,196
Board of directors allowances	(4)	30,743 (541,650)	209,844	37,828	28,544
Foreign exchange revenue		9,571,346	(287,700) 40,474,589	(393,400)	(118,100)
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE		7,571,540		14,330,458	40,511,848
IMPAIRMENTS, FINANCE COST AND			1,085,261,229	774,169,622	<del></del>
DEPRECIATION		1,310,083,013			636,450,224
Depreciation and amortization	(4,5,6)	(82,030,931)	(72,455,505)	(43,144,263)	(38,059,037)
Expenses of factoring notes receivable without		, , , ,	(104,453,177)	(171,251,860)	(,,,
recourse		(232,361,136)	` , , ,	( · · · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(104,453,177)
Finance cost		(72,079,511)	(65,389,482)	(38,641,477)	(33,829,533)
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE			842,963,065	521,132,022	
TAX		923,611,435		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	460,108,477
Income tax	(28)	(145,694,039)	(127,292,359)	(86,501,023)	(66,561,940)
Deferred tax	(28)	(3,707,378)	(19,121,853)	(1,021,743)	(2,226,090)
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD Attributable to:		774,210,018	696,548,853	433,609,256	391,320,447
Parent company shareholders		731,733,952	672,508,491	422,382,795	202 065 270
Non-controlling interests		• •			383,965,379
rion controlling interests		42,476,066	24,040,362	11,226,461	7,355,068
is you		774,210,018	696,548,853	433,609,256	391,320,447
Non-controlling interests  Chairman	Chief Ex	ecutive Officer &	k Financi	al Director	
		aging Director	N	14	
/ hk	A+A56111	311	17	(/	
	/			Y W	
Tarek Talaat Mostafa	Hishar	m Talaat Mostafa	Ghaleb	hmed Fayed 70\	

<sup>-</sup> The attached notes (1) to (38) are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements

# STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For The Six Months Ended 30 June 2018

For the six months ended 30 June 2018	For the six months ended 30 June 2017	For the three months ended 30 June 2018	For the three months ended 30 June 2017
LE	LE	LE	LE
731,733,952	672,508,491	422,382,795	383,965,379
-	292,459	-	292,459
(147,625)	(671,090)	1,112,300	(258,112)
(147,625)	(378,631)	1,112,300	34,347
731.586.327	672 129 860	423,495,095	383,999,726
701,000,027	072,123,000		
		423,495,095	383,999,726
731,586,327			
42,476,066	24,040,362	11,226,461	7,355,068
774,062,393	696,170,222	434,721,556	391,354,794
	months ended 30 June 2018 LE 731,733,952 - (147,625) (147,625) 731,586,327 731,586,327 42,476,066	months ended         months ended           30 June 2018         months ended           30 June 2017           LE         LE           731,733,952         672,508,491           -         292,459           (147,625)         (671,090)           (147,625)         (378,631)           731,586,327         672,129,860           42,476,066         24,040,362	months ended 30 June 2018         months ended 30 June 2017         months ended 30 June 2018           LE         LE         LE           731,733,952         672,508,491         422,382,795           -         292,459         -           (147,625)         (671,090)         1,112,300           (147,625)         (378,631)         1,112,300           731,586,327         672,129,860         423,495,095           731,586,327         672,129,860         423,495,095           42,476,066         24,040,362         11,226,461

<sup>-</sup> The attached notes (1) to (38) are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements

# STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM CHANGES IN EQUITY For The Six Months Ended 30 June 2018

	Issued and paid up capital	Legal reserve	General reserve	Unrealized gain on available for sale assets	Accumulated translation adjustments	Retained earnings	Net profit for the period	Total	Non- controlling Interest	Total
	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE
Balance as at 1 January 2018	20,635,622,860	250,250,347	61,735,404	46,852,929	2,437,495	5,810,239,156	1,326,833,010	28,133,971,201	1,018,951,794	29,152,922,995
Transferred to retained earnings and legal reserve	-	24,233,989	-	-	-	1,302,599,021	(1,326,833,010)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	-	(147,625)	-	-	-	(147,625)	-	(147,625)
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	<u>.</u>	731,733,952	731,733,952	42,476,066	774,210,018
Dividends	-	-	-	-	_	(350,805,589)	-	(350,805,589)	-	
Reconciliation of dividends paid to employees in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	58,200,930	_	58,200,930	-	(350,805,589) 58,200,930
Reconciliation on non-controlling interests*		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,838,510)	(26,838.510)
Balance as at 30 June 2018	20,635,622,860	274,484,336	61,735,404	46,705,304	2,437,495	6,820,233,518	731,733,952	28,572,952,869	1,034,589,350	29,607,542,219

<sup>\*</sup> Results from elimination entries among subsidiaries and dividends paid to minority shareholders in subsidiaries.

<sup>-</sup> The attached notes (1) to (38) are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements

# STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM CHANGES IN EQUITY For The Six Months Ended 30 June 2018

	Issued and Paid up Capital	Legal Reserves	General Reserves	Net unrealized gain on available for sale	Accumulative translation adjustments	Retained Earning	Net Profit for the period	Total	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE
Balance at 1 January 2017	20,635,622,860	236,367,496	61,735,404	52,249,264	2,268,492	5,424,549,151	826,545,440	27,239,338,107	899,203,684	28,138,541,791
Transferred to retained earnings and legal reserve	-	13,882,851	-	-	-	812,662,589	(826,545,440)	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive (Loss) For The Period	-	-	-	(671,090)	292,459	-	-	(378,631)	-	(378,631)
Net Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	672,508,491	672,508,491	24,040,362	696,548,853
Dividends	-		_	-	_	(303,075,000)	-	(303,075,000)	, ,	• •
Reconciliation of dividends paid to								(303,073,000)	-	(303,075,000)
employees in subsidiaries Reconciliation on non-controlling	-	-	-	-	•	(1,660,412)	-	(1,660,412)	-	(1,660,412)
interests*	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,741,465)	(5,741,465)
Balance as of 30 June 2017	20,635,622,860	250,250,347	61,735,404	51,578,174	2,560,951	5,932,476,328	672,508,491	27,606,732,555	917,502,581	28,524,235,136

<sup>\*</sup> Results from elimination entries among the subsidiaries and dividends paid to minority shareholders in subsidiaries.

<sup>-</sup> The attached notes (1) to (38) are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements

## STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM CASH FLOWS For The Six Months Ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	For the six months ended 30 June 2018	For the six months ended 30 June 2017
CACH ELOWS EDOM OPED ATING A CTURE		LE	LE
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net profit for the period before tax and non-controlling interest			
Adjustment to reconciliation net profit with cash flow operating		923,611,435	842,963,065
Depreciation & amortization	(4.5.5)		
(Discount) Financial Assets Held to Maturity Amortization	(4,5,6)	82,030,931	72,455,505
(Credit) interests and income from treasury bills	(11)	(32,612)	(29,096)
(Dividends) from fin. assets at fair value through profit and loss	(31)	(140,846,087)	(122,832,399)
Loss from available for sale investments		(563,794)	(1,422,514)
(Gain) on sale of fin. assets at fair value through profit and loss		- (66,097)	3,409,555
(Gain) from revaluation of fin. assets at fair value through profit and Loss	(12)	` ' '	(11,730,011)
Capital gain	. ,	(144,128)	(1,344,017)
Foreign Exchange revenue	(4)	(30,743)	(209,844)
Operating profit before changes in working capital		(9,571,346)	(40,474,589)
Change in Development properties	(14)	854,387,559	740,785,655
Change in Inventory	(14)	(8,236,093,969)	(4,357,272,210)
Change in Accounts and notes receivable	(15)	(244,668,762)	(35,682,556)
Change in Prepaid expenses and other debit balances	(13)	(481,695,886)	(1,490,979,333)
Change in Creditors and notes payable	(16)	(2,370,701,004)	(943,025,802)
Change in Long-term liabilities		7,703,232,928	(308,346,934)
Change in Advance payments from customers		1,024,633,967	2,668,831,388
Change in Dividends payable	(20)	3,847,038,904	2,307,699,246
Change in Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	(20)	(4,122,353)	90,056,221
Accrued income tax paid	(28)	1,083,989	1,555,780
Change in other credit balances	(21)	(396,978,160)	(230,014,834)
Net cash flow from (used in) operating activities	(21)	1,016,538,056	853,230,491
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		2,712,655,269	(703,162,888)
Purchase of property and equipment, intangible assets and payment for			
projects under construction	(4,6,7)	(1,057,190,037)	(171,539,056)
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		•	
(Payment) for Investments in Associates	(4)	11,824,042	2,488,378
(Payment) Proceeds for / from disposal of available for sale investments		(122 520)	(1,179,388)
(Purchase ) Proceeds of / from financial assets held to maturity	(11)	(132,529)	14,831,007
Dividends received	(11)	249,258,328 563,794	(22,605,055)
Net cash flow (used in) investing activities		(795,676,402)	1,422,514
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(793,070,402)	(176,581,600)
Credit interests and income from treasury bills received	(31)	146 631 671	100 401 221
Dividends paid	(31)	146,621,671	100,481,231
Payments for/ Proceeds from loans and facilities	(26)	(350,805,589) (178,260,059)	(153,075,000)
Net cash flow (used in) from financing activities	(20)	(382,443,977)	1,103,892,673
Net foreign exchange difference		9,571,346	1,051,298,904 40,474,589
NET INCREASE IN CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING THE		795/19570	70,77,707
PERIOD		1,544,106,236	212,029,005
Cash adjustments	(32)	31,362,421	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	(32)		(7,109,418)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE		3,337,246,025	3,244,897,642
PERIOD	(17)	4,912,714,682	3,449,817,229

<sup>-</sup> The attached notes (1) to (38) are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 1 BACKGROUND

- Talaat Mostafa Group Holding TMG Holding S,A,E, was established on 13 February 2007 under the provisions of law 95 of 1992 and its executive regulations and registered in Egypt under Commercial Registration numbered 187398 by date 3 April 2007, and the company period is 25 years.
- The main objective of the Company is participating in the incorporation of shareholding companies or participating in the capital increase of those companies.
- The company headquarter and legal place is 36, mosadek st, Dokki Giza Arabic republic of Egypt,
- The financial statements for the Period ended 30 June 2018 were approved on 13 August 2018 according to the board of directors' resolution issued on the same date.

## 2 Basis of preparing the financial statements and the significant accounting policies

- The financial statements of the holding company and the subsidiaries have been prepared according to the Egyptian Accounting Standards and the prevailing laws and local regulations,
- The financial statements have been presented in Egyptian Pound,
- The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the measurement at of the fair value of financial investment, and financial assets valued at the fair value through the profit and losses.

### 2-1 Basis of consolidating the financial statements

- Eliminate all the Inter-company accounts and transactions as well as unrealized profit (loss) results from the transactions with the subsidiaries.
- The non-controlling interest is presented as a separate item in the consolidated balance sheet and the minority share in the net results of the subsidiaries is presented as a separate item in the consolidated income statement, in the case of the increase of minority share in the loss of the subsidiaries over there share in the net assets of those companies, the increase or any additional loss related to the minority to be recorded in the holding company share in the net results of those companies except the amount of loss that the minority approved before to bear it, in case of the subsidiaries achieved profit in the following periods of the above mentioned loss, the total profit to be recorded to the holding company share in results of the subsidiaries until all previously recorded loss is redeemed.
- The company treat the transactions with the minority partners the same treatment with external parties, Profit or loss from the sale of share of the company to the minority to be recorded in the income statements, and purchase share from the minority results in as goodwill due to the different between the purchase price and the share in net assets acquired and the different between the book value and the net fair value of the assets acquired to be recorded in the equity,
- The consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities and the results of Talaat Mostafa holding company (the company) and all its subsidiaries that stated below, The subsidiary is the company that the holding company owns direct or indirect long term investment more than 50% of the capital that give the right to vote or have control.
- The subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements starting from acquisition date to the date that control is stopped.
- Purchase methods is used to account for acquiring subsidiaries and the acquisition cost is measured by the fair value or the return that the company gave from assets, equity instruments or liabilities bear it or liabilities committed to bear it on behalf of the acquire at the date of swab plus the additional costs related directly to the acquisition process, the net acquired assets including the proper liabilities are to be measured to determined its fair value at the date of acquisition despite any rights to minorities, the increase in the acquisition cost to the fair value of the company share in net assets is considered goodwill and if the cost of acquisition is less that above mentioned fair value of the nest assets the different to recoded in the consolidated income statement.

Contribution

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

The consolidated financial statements include the subsidiaries which controlled by Talaat Mostafa Group Company "TMG Holding" as a share bigger than 50% of the subsidiaries' paid capital.

The following are the subsidiaries that are included in the consolidated financial statements:

Arab company for projects and urban development (S.A.E)	99.99%
Alexandria company for real estate investment (S.A.E)*	97.93%
San Stefano company for real estate investment (S.A.E)	72.18%
Alexandria for urban projects Company (S,A,E)***	40%

\*Arab company for projects and urban development acquires 1, 66% of Alexandria company for real estate investment, and contributes in the following companies:

	Contribution
El Masria for trading services(S,A,E)	99%
El rehab for management(S,A,E)	98%
Engineering for developed systems of building (S,A,E)	82,5%
El rehab for securitization(S,A,E)	100%
El Tayseer for real estate financing (S,A,E)	90%
Arab Egyptian company for entertainment projects(S,A,E)	50%
Madinaty for electromechanically power (S,A,E)	85%
Madinaty for project management(S,A,E)	91%
Swiss Green Company- Switzerland	70%
Alexandria for coordinating and garden maintenance	93.95%

\*\* Alexandria company for real estate investment acquires 60% of Alexandria for urban projects Company, and contributes in the following companies:

El rabwa for entertainment services (S,A,E) El masria for development and real estate projects(S,A,E) which contributes in Marsa el Sadied for real estate development Arab company for tourism and hotels investments (S,A,E) and its subsidiaries as follows:	Contribution 95.5% 96,51% 99.9% 83.30%
Nova park - Cairo(S,A,E)  Alexandria Saudi for tourism projects(S,A,E)  San Stefano for tourism investment (S,A,E)  El Nile for hotels (S,A,E)  Luxor for urban and tourism development (S,A,E)	99.99% 99.87% 84.44% 100% 100%

\*\*\* The company acquires with an indirect way 27,82% of San Stefano Company for real estate investment through its subsidiary (Arab company for projects and urban development, Alexandria Company for real estate investment, Alexandria for urban projects Company), San Stefano Company for real estate investment acquired 62,5 % of the shares of Alexandria for Projects Management.

\*\*\*\* Alexandria for urban development (S.A.E) contributes in the following companies:

	Continuation
May fair for entertainment services (S.A.E)	95.5%
Port Venice for tourism development(S.A.E)	90.27%

### 2-2 Summary of the significant accounting policies

#### Foreign currency translation

The group's records are maintained in Egyptian pound, Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are recorded using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction date, At the balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Egyptian pound using the exchange rates prevailing on that date, Translation differences are recorded in the statement of income.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continue)

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value, Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Years
Buildings & constructions	20 - 80
Motor Vehicles	5
Tools & equipments	3 - 8
Furniture and other assets	5- 10
Computers	3 - 8
Marina Equipments	2 - 10

Projects under construction are depreciated when it is ready for use in the place and the condition of operating, then to be reclassified to the fixed assets category.

Other subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases future economic benefits of the related item of property, plant and equipment, all other expenditure is recognised in the consolidated income statement as the expense is incurred.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially be recognized by cost

After the internal recognition, intangible assets are recorded by cost deducting the accumulated amortization and impairment losses.

Intangible assets represent the software's and related licenses and to be amortized with straight line basis methods over the estimated useful lives (5 years).

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the increase of the acquisition cost of the shares of the subsidiaries companies with the company share in the fair value of the net assets of those companies at the date of acquisition, Goodwill results from purchase subsidiaries is recorded as noncurrent assets and the goodwill results from purchase investments in associates recorded as investments in associates, at the end of each financial year the goodwill is tested for impairments and to be displayed at cost after deducting the impairment loss if exist.

#### Project under construction:

Projects under construction represent the amounts that are paid for the purpose of constructing or purchasing fixed assets until it is ready to be used in the operation, upon which it is transferred to fixed assets, Projects under construction are valued at cost.

#### **Investment Property**

Investment properties are the real estate's (Buildings, Lands or both) that are kept for renting or increase in its value; they are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the balance sheet date, Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.

#### **Investments**

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associates are accounted for using the Equity method except for when investment are classified as available for sale according to the Egyptian accounting standards No,32 None current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, these associates companies are those companies which the company has a major influence and which are not subsidiaries or joint venture, Investments in associates are recorded in the Balance sheet with cost.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost inclusive transaction cost in accorence to paragraph 10 from Egyptian accounting standard # (18) as an consolidated financial statements are prepared for public use and in case the investment is impaired, the carrying amount is adjusted by the value of this impairment and is charged to the statement of income for each investment separately, Impairment losses to be reversed in the period when occurred and to the extent to the amount of book value that previously reduced unless the impairment loss was recognized in the previous years.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continue)

#### Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are recognised and derecognised, on a trade date basis, when the Company becomes, or ceases to be a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument; they are included in noncurrent assets unless management intends to dispose of the investments within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

Investments designated as available-for-sale investments are initially recorded at cost (except for non-listed investments in the capital exchange market) and subsequently measured at fair value, Changes in fair value are reported as a separate component of equity, Upon elimination of investments, the previously reported as "cumulative changes in fair value" within equity is to be included in the consolidated income statement for the period, except for impairments loss, and for non-listed investments is to be recorded at cost less impairment loss.

Investments in equity instruments that are not listed in an active market and cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Investments at fair value through profit and loss are financial assets classified as either held for trading acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term or financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit and loss.

Investments at fair value through profit and loss are initially recognized at fair value including the direct attributable expenses.

Investments at fair value through profit and loss are carried in the balance sheet at fair value with gains or losses recognized in the statement of income.

Gain or loss of investment is recognized at fair value through consolidated income statement.

#### Financial assets held to maturity

Investments in financial assets held to maturity with fixed or determinable payments with fixed maturity date and the management has the intention and capability to hold it to maturity,

Up on the initial measurement of the financial assets, it will be recorded with its fair value including the direct costs.

The investments to be recorded at amortized cost by using the effective rate method carried, Gains or losses due to execute the assets or due to the impairment of the assets to be recognized in the statement of income.

Gain or loss of investment is recognized in profit or loss when the investments are derecognized or impaired impairment is recovered, as well as through the amortization process.

#### Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets held for sale is the non-current assets that is expected to regain its book value basically from sale agreement not from the use of those assets.

Those assets are measured by the lower of the book value or the fair value after deducting the sales cost.

Non-current assets held for sale in case of impairment, the carrying amount to be adjusted by the value of this impairment and are charged to the statement of income.

Impairment losses to be reversed in the period when occurred, and to the extent to the amount of book value that previously reduced unless the impairment loss was recognized in the previous years.

#### **Treasury Share**

Treasury shares are recorded at cost and after the initial recognition, the difference between the acquisition cost and the actual cost during the period from the acquisition date to the maturity date are amortized at fixed instalments using the effective interest rate.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continue)

#### **Development properties**

Properties acquired, constructed or in the course of construction for sale are classified as Development properties, Unsold properties are stated at the lower of cost or net sales value, Properties in the course of development for sale are stated at cost, The cost of development properties includes the cost of land and other related expenditure which are capitalized as and when activities that are necessary to get the properties ready for sale are in progress, Net sales value represents the estimated selling price less costs to be incurred in selling the property.

The property is considered to be completed when all related activities, including the infrastructure and facilities for the entire project, have been completed

Management reviews the cost of the work in progress on yearly basis.

#### Finished units

Finished units are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the consolidated income statement includes any decreases in the net realized value to the book value.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value,

The inventory of hotels suppleness since the opening of the hotel and required for the operation to be measured in the fair value and the decrease of the fair value to be recorded in the consolidated income statements.

#### Accounts receivable, Debtors and notes receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at original invoice amount, All those amounts are reviewed annually to decide wither there is an indicator for impairment possibility in the assets value.

#### Credit Balances and accruals

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether billed by the supplier or not.

#### Separation of assets and liabilities to short-and long-term

Assets which worth collected during the year after the date of financial statements is included within current assets either the assets that collectible date exceed the year date of financial statements be included within long-term assets.

#### Related party transactions

Related party transactions performed by the Company within its normal business transactions are recorded based on the conditions set by the board of directors.

#### Employees' Pension Plan

The company participates in the social insurance system in accordance to the social insurance laws no, 79 for the year 1975 and its amended and the company share in the social insurance cost to be charged to the consolidated income statement according to the accrual basis.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made, Provisions are reviewed at the balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate, Where the effect of the time value of money is material, The amount of a provision should be the present value of the expected expenditures required to settle the obligation.

#### Legal reserve

According to the Company's article of association, 5% of the net profits of the year are to be transferred to the legal reserve until this reserve reaches 50 % of the issued capital, the reserve is used upon a decision from the general assembly meeting based on the proposal of the board of directors.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continue)

#### Revenue recognition

Revenues results from the sale of units are recognized upon the actual or constructive delivery of the units to the buyers, which is the point that all rewards and risks will transfer from the company to the buyers.

The company uses full contract methods in recognize revenue for the all sold units, which required to capitalize the costs under work in progress account till the salable units are completed and delivered to the customer, then revenue is recognized and match it with the related operation cost.

The revenue results from the sale of villas is recognized in the income statement according to the revenue incurred, where the selling amount of the land of the villa will be totally recognized upon choosing the client the land that will be build on it, the selling amount of the building and related construction amount of the villas will be recorded by uses full contract methods in recognize revenue upon delivering the villas to the client.

Hotels revenue is recognized according to the company shares from the profit of the hotels.

Revenue from share profit recorded when there is right to receive it.

Share of results of the associates is recognised according to the equity methods and based on the latest approved financial statements of those associates.

Interest income of the financial instruments is recognised in the consolidated income statement by using effective interest rate methods except for the financial instruments classified as for trade or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or available for sale is recorded when there is right to receive it.

#### Recording the operational cost

Delivery minutes with the customers of the sellable units to the customers and revenue recognized of those units are the bases to record the operational cost related to those units which includes:

#### The direct and indirect costs

The construction cost of the sellable units according to the payment certificates of the contractors and suppliers that approved by the technical department of the company is recoded in work in progress account and the costs to be distributed to the sold units according to the following basis:

- Unit share of the land cost and units share of the land cost which was distributed as the land area of each units to the total area of the units in the project
- The unit share from the actual and estimated costs that distributed based on the contracts and invoices of each sector from units, villas and retails in each phase
- The units share from the indirect actual and estimated costs are distributed based on the direct cost of each sector in each phase

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company regularly assesses whether there is an indication that an asset could be impaired,

The impairment loss of financial assets that was measured with the amortized cost is to be measured as the different between the amortized cost of the book value and the present value of the projected cash flow by using the effective rate.

The impairment loss related to financial assets available for sale to be calculated by using the present fair value, The remaining financial assets are estimated according to the groups level that have the same credit risk characterises,

Impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated income statement any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continue)

If the available for sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost and its fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the consolidated income statement, is transferred from equity to consolidated income statement, Reversal in respect of equity instruments classified as available for sale are recognised directly in the equity.

A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed when there is a change in the recoverable amount of the asset to the extent of the previously recognized loss.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses at each reporting date wither there is an indication that an asset may be impaired, An asset's recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash — generating unit's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount, In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre—tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset, Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognised in the consolidated income statement in those expenses categories consistent with the function of impairment asset except for the property previously revaluated where the revaluation was taken to equity; In this case the impairment is also recognised in equity up to the amount of any previous revaluated.

#### Treasury stocks

The treasury shares (Company shares) are recorded with the cost and deducted from the owners' equity in the balance sheet, any profit or loss proceeds of disposing these treasury stocks are being recorded within the owners' equity.

#### Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses during the financial years, Actual results could differ from these estimates,

Those estimates are reviewed on regularly basis and any differences in the estimates in the date of examining those estimates will affect only the period under examination and if those differences will affect the current period and the coming periods those differences to be recorded in the current and future periods.

#### Income tax

Income tax is calculated in accordance with the Egyptian tax law,

Deferred income tax is recognized using the liability method on temporary differences between the amount attributed to an asset or liability for tax purposes (tax base) and its carrying amount in the balance sheet (accounting base) using the applicable tax rate,

Deferred tax asset is recognized when it is probable that the asset can be utilized to reduce future taxable profits and the asset is reduced by the portion that will not create future benefit.

#### Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement is prepared using the indirect method, for the purpose of preparing the cash flow statements, the cash and cash equivalent include cash on hand, cash at bank, short term deposits, treasury bills with maturity date six months or less deducting the bank overdraft—if any.

#### Borrowing

Borrowings are initially recognized at the value of the consideration received, Amounts maturing within one year are classified as current liabilities, unless the Company has the right to postpone the settlement for a period exceeding twelve months after the balance sheet date, then the loan balance should be classified as long term liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continue)

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are recorded in the statement of income as financing expenses except the borrowing costs directly related to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying assets which is included as part of the cost of the asset, the borrowing cost amount that will be capitalized is determined based on the actual borrowing cost.

Suspend capitalisation of borrowing costs during extended periods in which it suspends active development of a qualifying asset.

Cease capitalizing of the borrowing costs when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

#### **Expenses**

All expenses including operating expenses, general and administrative expenses and other expenses are recognized and charged to the statement of income in the financial year in which these expenses were incurred.

#### Cash & cash equivalent

For the purpose of preparing consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalent at banks and on hands, time deposits treasury bills maturity date within three months, checks under collection (banks checks and accepted cheeks) and banks overdraft that will be paid on demand that consider a part of the assets management system in the company.

#### Dividends

Dividends recognized as liability in the period in which the company General Assembly meeting decided to distribute profits.

#### Fair values

Fair Value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between two participants in the market at the measurement date, And the fair value measurement is assumed that that the transaction will be occur in the main market of the asset or the liability or the market with the most benefit to the asset or the liability.

The fair Value measured using the assumptions that the participant in the market will use to price the asset or the liability, assuming that the participants will work for their economic benefits.

The fair value measurement of non-financial asset considers the market participant ability to generate economic benefits but using the asset to the maximum acceptable level or by selling the asset to anther market participant who will use the asset with its maximum power.

For the current assets in an active market, the fair value is measured base on the quoted market prices,

The fair value of interest-bearing items is estimated based on discounted cash flows using interest rates for items with similar terms and risk characteristics.

For unquoted equity investments, fair value is determined by reference to the market value of a similar investment or is based on the expected discounted cash flows,

The company uses the appropriate valuation methods, in accordance to the related circumstances, in which sufficient information available to measure the fair value, therefore use the related inputs that can be considered and minimise the use of the inputs that cannot be considered.

The assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or that disclosed in the financial statements in major categories are classified as all:

- Level one: using the quoted prices of the assets and liabilities in active markets.
- Level two: using the inputs that can be considered directly (quoted price) or indirectly (extract from the prices) to the asset or the liability.
- Level three: using the valuation methods that use inputs not based on the market information,

Regarding The assets and liabilities that will be recognize in the financial statement on regularly basis, the company determine wither there is a transfer from one level to another that occurs due to the reclassification of those items at the end of reporting period.

For fair value disclosures, the company classified its assets and liabilities based on their nature, characterise and related risks and to the above displayed levels.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 3 - Segment information

The major segments in the company are the real estate and tourism segments, the profit and investments related to other segments are not significant and not required to be reported in accordance to that standard, the company considered all its revenues for the period ended 30 June 2018 based on one separate operational segment and disclose for the major segments in the accompanied notes.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

### 4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - NET

Cost	Lands LE	Buildings & Constructions LE	Motor Vehicles LE	Tools & Equipment LE	Furniture & Fixtures LE	Computers LE	Total LE
As of 1 January 2018 Additions Disposals As of 30 June 2018 Accumulated depreciation	607,593,430	3,264,406,828	181,770,035	397,764,003	566,337,009	44,624,345	5,062,495,650
	772,012,760	22,471,519	22,529,332	29,946,170	25,788,520	13,581,870	886,330,171
	(11,651,000)	(160,000)	-	-	(52,896)	(63,230)	(11,927,126)
	1,367,955,190	3,286,718,347	204,299,367	427,710,173	592,072,633	58,142,985	5,936,898,695
At 1 January 2018  Depreciation for the period  Disposals  As of 30 June 2018  Net book value As of 30 June 2018	-	(473,617,844)	(118,770,959)	(270,032,061)	(342,337,714)	(23,848,723)	(1,228,607,301)
	-	(21,662,703)	(13,275,931)	(15,783,659)	(23,830,849)	(6,231,495)	(80,784,637)
	-	80,000	-	-	35,090	18,737	133,827
	-	(495,200,547)	(132,046,890)	(285,815,720)	(366,133,473)	(30,061,481)	(1,309,258,111)
	1,367,955,190	<b>2,791,517,800</b>	72,252,477	141,894,453	225,939,160	28,081,504	4,627,640,584

First degree mortgage on the land of el Nile hotel, garden city - Cairo and all the building on it that to El Nile Co, also the garage and club land at 4 Ahmed Raghib St, garden city - Cairo
 First degree mortgage on the land and the building of four season hotel sharm el sheik in shark bay - sharm el sheik owned by Alexandria Saudi Co, for tourism investment

<sup>-</sup> First degree mortgage on the land and the building of four season hotel Nile plaza, Cairo owned by Nova Park Co, excluding the total sold or available for sale units and its share in the land.

,Proceed from sale of fixed assets Cost of disposal fixed assets Accumulated depreciation of sold assets	LE (11,927,126) 133,827	LE 11,824,042	The depreciation are allocated to the following: Depreciation expenses at the statement of profit or loss	LE 80,784,637
Net cost of fixed assets' disposal Capital Gain		(11,793,299) <b>30,743</b>		

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 4-PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Continue)

Cont	Lands LE	Buildings & Constructions LE	Motor Vehicles LE	Tools & Equipments LE	Furniture & Fixtures LE	Computers LE	Total LE
Cost							
As of 1 January 2017	577,557,286	3,257,688,032	157,567,684	375,628,634	518,256,461	33,029.453	4,919,727,550
Additions	31,429,099	6,718,796	27,849,919	31,627,404	67,895,634	12,863,222	178,384,074
Disposals	(1,392,955)	<u>-</u>	(3,647,568)	(9,492,036)	(19,815,085)	(1,268,330)	(35,615,974)
As of 31 December 2017	607,593,430	3,264,406,828	181,770,035	397,764,002	566,337,010	44,624,345	5,062,495,650
Accumulated depreciation							2,002,1000
At 1 January 2017	<u>.</u>	(429,937,256)	(101,411,982)	(246,446,337)	(315,530,763)	(18,791,153)	(1,112,117,491)
Depreciation for the period	-	(43,680,588)	(20,268,823)	(30,054,480)	(42,489,197)	(6,322,731)	(142,815,819)
Disposals		-	2,909,846	6,468,756	15,682,246	1,265,161	26,326,009
As of 31 December 2017		(473,617,844)	(118,770,959)	(270,032,061)	(342,337,714)	(23,848,723)	(1,228,607,301)
Net book value As of 31 December 2017	607,593,430	2,790,788,984	62,999,076	127,731,941	223,999,296	20,775,622	3,833,888,349

<sup>-</sup> First degree mortgage on the land of el Nile hotel, garden city - Cairo and all the building on it that to El Nile Co, also the garage and club land at 4 Ahmed Raghib St, garden city - Cairo

<sup>-</sup> First degree mortgage on the land and the building of four season hotel Nile plaza, Cairo owned by Nova Park Co, excluding the total sold or available for sale units and its share in the land.

Proceed from sale of fixed assets  Cost of disposal fixed assets  Accumulated depreciation of sold assets  Net cost of fixed assets' disposal  Capital (Loss)	LE 7,743,652 ) (9,289,965) (1,546,313)	The depreciation are allocated to the following: Depreciation expenses at the statement of profit or loss	LE 142,815,819
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<sup>-</sup> First degree mortgage on the land and the building of four season hotel sharm el sheik in shark bay - sharm el sheik owned by Alexandria Saudi Co, for tourism investment

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### **5 – INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

	Buildings & Constructions	Furniture & Fixtures	Total
Cost	LE	LE	LE
As of 1 January 2018	119,282,314	13,610,293	132,892,607
Additions	5,467,173	•	5,467,173
As of 30 June 2018	124,749,487	13,610,293	138,359,780
Accumulated depreciation	, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,
At 1 January 2018	(17,884,109)	(2,213,634)	(20,097,743)
Depreciation charge	(754,454)	(83,799)	(838,253)
As of 30 June 2018	(18,638,563)	(2,297,433)	(20,935,996)
Net book value As of 30 June 2018	106,110,924	11,312,860	117,423,784
Net book value As of 31 December 2017	101,398,205	11,396,659	112,794,864
6 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
		30 June 2018 LE	31 December 2017 LE
Computers and Software		2,305,812	682,199
Additions			1,960,978
Amortization		(408,041)	(337,366)
		1,897,771	2,305,811
7 – FIXED ASSETS UNDER CONSTR	UCTIONS	30 June 2018 LE	31 December 2017 LE
Villa – Sednawy		73,816,420	73,606,541
Hotel Assets		53,972,484	21,399,123
Dubai Site		-	15,852,435
Luxor Project		72,042,267	71,928,397
Sharm El Sheik Project Extension		2,750,904,113	2,602,556,097
		2,950,735,284	2,785,342,593
8- GOODWILL			
Arab Company for Projects and Urban De Alexandria Company for Real Estate Inves		30 June 2018 LE 11,538,333,222 2,043,149,242	31 December 2017 LE 11,538,333,222 2,043,149,242
		13,581,482,464	13,581,482,464

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 9- INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

	Percentage	30 June 2018 LE	31 December 2017 LE
Hill / TMG for Projects and Construction Management* Cairo Medical City Co, Share of profits in Associates	49%	2,949,896 7,500	2,176,199 7,500
		<u>-</u>	773,697
		2,957,396	2,957,396

<sup>\*</sup>The Board of directors agreed for the liquidation of Hill /TMG for constructions and projects management and the liquidation procedures under process.

The associates companies assets & liabilities:	30 June 2018 LE	31 December 2017 LE
Current assets	8,568,230	8,568,230
Current liabilities	2,544,135	2,544,135
The associates companies profit & losses:	, ,	
Net profit	1,578,973	1,578,973
10- AVAILABLE FOR SALE INVESTMENTS		
	30 June 2018 LE	31 December 2017 LE
Available for sale investment - current		
Housing Insurance Company	6,600,000	6,600,000
Egyptian For Real Estate refinance Company	2,055,560	2,055,560
Egyptian Company for Marketing and Distribution	500,000	500,000
Other Companies	95,775	95,775
	9,251,335	9,251,335
Available for sale investment – non current		
Hermes investment fund	86,227,422	86,642,518
El Tameer for Real Estate Finance Company	10,810,659	10,810,659
Atrium Quality Contractors	950,000	550,000
	97,988,081	98,003,177
	107,239,416	107,254,512

Available for sale investments that have no market price and its fair value can't be properly determined due to the nature of the unpredictable future cash flows; therefore it was recorded at cost.

The available for sale investments are classified into current and non-concurrent assets based on the purpose of the investment whether the acquisition for keeping the investments.

Hermes investment fund amounted USD 4,836,086 equivalent to LE 86,227,422 as of 30 June 2018 and accounted at cost and the balance is valuated and this investment is recorded at cost and the balance in foreign currency is valuated and the valuation differences is presented in the other comprehensive income statement.

21 December 2017

## Talaat Mostafa Group Holding Company "TMG Holding" S.A.E

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

## 11- INVESTMENTS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD TO MATURITY

#### Non - Current Investment

This item amounted to LE 2,589,224,250 as of 30 June 2018 consists of :- 2447979 bonds as follows:

No.	Face Value	Yield	Maturity
19,000	19,000,000	15%	2019
190,000	190,000,000	13%	2020
160,114	160,114,000	14%	2021
91,000	91,000,000	17%	2022
210,800	210,800,000	15%	2023
447,307	447,307,000	15%	2024
657,046	657,046,000	15%	2025
288,212	288,212,000	17%	2026
335,500	335,500,000	16%	2027
49,000	49,000,000	15%	2028
2,447,979	2,447,979,000	<u> </u>	

The balance of bonds discounting issue amounted to 11,764,750 as of 30 June 2018 and it is amortized at the maturity date of the interest.

30 June 2019

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	LE	LE
Historical cost	2,447,979,000	2,374,979,000
Bonds issue discount	(11,787,362)	(11,908,694)
Amortized value	2,436,191,638	2,363,070,306
Amortization of Bonds issue discount during the period	32,612	59.318
Balance of bonds	2,436,224,250	2,363,129,624
Suez Canal Certificates *	153,000,000	153,000,000
	2,589,224,250	2,516,129,624

<sup>\* 153000</sup> Suez Canal Certificates maturity date is 2019 with 15.5% interest rate.

#### **Current Investment**

This item amounted to LE 232,051,148 as of 30 June 2018 as follows:

- Treasury Bills are 7968 T-Bills with nominal value LE 25,000 per T-Bill and maturity date in 2018.

Treasury Bills
Governmental Bonds- historical cost
Amortization of Bonds issue discount

30 June 2018	31 December 2017
LE	LE
176,113,242	509,581,320
56,000,000	45,000,000
(62,094)	(177,218)
232,051,148	554,404,102
56,000,000 (62,094)	45,000,000 (177,218)

31 December 2017

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 12- FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Investment Funds - Juman Egyptian Cables Company	30 June 2018 LE 2,256,269 9,320	31 December 2017 LE 3,129,702 9,651
	2,265,589	3,139,353
Market value	30 June 2018 LE	30 June 2017 LE
Book value of marketable securities before revaluation Market value	(2,121,461) 2,265,589	(84,403,503) 85,747,520
Revaluation differences as in income statement (profit or loss)	144,128	1,344,017

#### 13- ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

	LE	LE
Accounts Receivables	262,772,526	270,443,953
Notes Receivables	18,551,143,538	18,061,776,225
Provision for general Risk	(2,977,139)	(2,977,139)
	18,810,938,925	18,329,243,039

30 June 2018

The accounts and notes receivable are due at 30 June 2018 the ageing analysis:

	Balance	year	More than a	More than	More than	More than	More than
30 June 2018	18,810,938,925	4,798,385,741	year 3,746,817,299	3,912,881,125	2,329,600,760	1,550,912,468	2,472,341,532
31 December 2017	18,329,243,039	4,824,040,522	3,656,125,122	3,623,507,353	2,308,645,387	1,454,142,888	2,462,781,767

The general risk provision is determined according to the authorized percentages determined by the Egyptian Financial supervisory Authority.

#### General Risk provision as follow:

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	LE	LE
Beginning balance for the Period / year	2,977,139	2,624,447
Additions during the Period / year	-	442,794
Used during the Period / year	-	(90,102)
Ending balance for the Period / year	2,977,139	2,977,139

#### 14- DEVELOPMENT PROPERTIES

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	LE	LE
Beginning balance	24,410,371,594	19,896,624,611
Additions for the period /year	9,606,925,957	8,618,393,875
Capitalized costs during the Period / year	326,500,910	380,883,271
Costs of delivered unites that accounted to the income statement	(1,697,332,898)	(4,485,530,163)
Ending balance for the period / year	32,646,465,563	24,410,371,594

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 14- DEVELOPMENT PROPERTIES (Continue)

It presents the real estates that purchased, built or in the construction process to be sold in the ordinary business of the group and to be classified as real estates development and includes the following components:

- Land
- Amounts paid to contractors including the cost of infra structures.
- Capitalized interests, designs, planning, site preparation, legal expenses and any indirect costs.
- The cost of the infra structures are disterputed to the projects and present part of the estimates cost to complete
  the project, this estimated costs is used to determine the cost of the recorded revenue.
- The duration of the projects is more than 10 years.

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	LE	LE
Land	16,395,008,032	10,218,588,864
Consultations and Designs	289,794,849	251,180,127
Construction Work	13,656,539,098	11,464,416,618
Indirect Cost	2,305,123,584	2,476,185,985
	32,646,465,563	24,410,371,594

- According to the contract with the new urban communities' authority, Arab company for projects and urban development received 8,000 Fadden to build Madinaty project on several phases against 7% of the total built up area of the apartments' buildings of the land project.
- The company recognizes the cost of the land as an asset against the obligations due to the new urban communities' authority in accordance to the estimated cost calculated according to the expected delivered units related to the phase that work started in it.
- In 2010 a verdict was issued for the case raised against the new urban communities' authority to cancel the contract of selling the land of Madinaty, A committee was formed by a resolution from the prime minster to adjust the legal situation of the land of Madinaty, the committee reached to a decision to resell the land of Madinaty to Arab company for projects and urban development with a new contract dated 8 November 2010 and the in kind amount should not be less than LE 9,9 billion, based on that the value of the land of Madinaty recorded above, will be considered up on signing the final contract of the land and in accordance to the actual cost that will be bearded due to the execution of the new contract, the project includes six phases and it is required to have the approval of the new urban communities' authority before start any phase and therefore the cost of the first phase of LE 3 billion is recorded and the estimated cost of the remaining phases will be recorded up on the approval of the new urban communities' authority and start the execution of that phase.
- A verdict was issued to accept the requests of the case no, 15777 for the year 65 J to accept the form and the subject to recognize the contract dated 8 November 2010 between the new urban communities' authority and the Arab
  - Company for projects and urban development, and the court stated that the high committee for valuation in the general authority for governmental services to reevaluate the area that not yet booked and sold to the others.
- The Arab company for projects and urban development (one of subsidiaries) signed on 25 February 2015 the agreement with the New Urban Communities Authority (NUCA), and the adoption of the Cabinet to this agreement, Under this agreement, all disputes related to interpretation of mechanism, implementation, and determination of the 7% of the total built up area has been resolved, which present in-kind payment the in kind amount should not be less than LE 9,979 Billion due to NUCA for the value of Madinaty land based on the contract concluded with NUCA in 2010 (all terms and conditions remain the same and unchanged), The 7% is calculated at 3,195 million sq., m of fully finished apartments that is currently under delivery and the remaining to be delivered over the life time of the project based on Madinaty land contract mentioned above, It was agreed also to pay a premium for the privilege of increasing the percentage of the regional services area while keeping the remaining components of the project the same, the amount to be paid is LE 1,122 Billion on installments for ten years.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### **15- INVENTORY**

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	LE	LE
Hotels Operating Equipments & Supplies	6,524,629	7,982,642
Goods Stock	296,744,874	51,450,238
	303,269,503	59,432,880
Amortized Hotel Inventory	(625,874)	(1,458,013)
	302,643,629	57,974,867

### 16 - PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER DEBIT BALANCES

30 June 2018	31 December 2017
LE	LE
2,275,011,794	2,171,106,789
418,291,459	411,602,658
510,434,100	454,213,878
10,892,569	9,991,666
216,685,301	59,369,063
70,017,248	124,170,979
675,379,166	29,169,667
42,171,993	952,482
329,649	5,514,782
71,030,251	5,590,743
1,404,394,682	60,973,246
31,075,971	33,843,170
5,725,714,183	3,366,499,123
100,085,845	94,342,873
5,825,800,028	3,460,841,996
	LE 2,275,011,794 418,291,459 510,434,100 10,892,569 216,685,301 70,017,248 675,379,166 42,171,993 329,649 71,030,251 1,404,394,682 31,075,971 5,725,714,183 100,085,845

### 17 - CASH ON HAND AND AT BANKS

	Local Currency	Foreign Currency	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	LE	LE	LE	LE
Time Deposits	42,435,405	2,059,353,724	2,101,789,129	2,607,935,904
Banks Current Accounts	2,028,218,946	600,065,535	2,628,284,481	692,481,151
Cash on Hand	74,928,693	2,354	74,931,047	27,933,967
Treasury Bills	4,959	124,810,000	124,814,959	11,214,183
	2,145,588,003	2,784,231,613	4,929,819,616	3,339,565,205

The foreign cash balances at banks are valuated as follow:

Egyptian pound American Dollar Sterling pound Euro Saudi Rayal Swiss frank Emirate dirham	30 June 2018 LE 2,145,588,003 2,778,628,832 255,212 1,245,042 134,030 3,907,336 17,390	31 December 2017 LE 627,881,263 2,705,604,343 246,114 1,889,665 7,821 3,913,715 17,363
Australian Dollar	4,502	4,921
Canadian Dollar	39,269	-
	4,929,819,616	3,339,565,205

## Talaat Mostafa Group Holding Company "TMG Holding" S.A.E

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 17 - CASH ON HAND AND AT BANKS (Continue)

- -Time deposits established within three months.
- -Cheques under collection represent banks cheques and accepted cheques.

For the purpose of preparing cash flow statement, the cash and cash equivalents consists of:

Cash on Hand and at Banks Banks Overdraft Cash and Cash Equivalents  18- CREDITORS AND NOTES PAYABLE	30 June 2018 LE 4,929,819,616 (17,104,934) 4,912,714,682	30 June 2017 LE 3,486,114,996 (36,297,767) 3,449,817,229
Contractors and Suppliers Notes Payables	30 June 2018 LE 1,390,010,357 10,033,620,028 11,423,630,385	31 December 2017 LE 1,070,283,353 2,650,114,104 3,720,397,457
Customers down payment (Al Rehab Project) Customers down payment (Al Rehab extention Project) Customers down payment (Madinaty Project) Customers down payment (Al Rabwa Project) Customers down payment (San Stefano Project) Customers down payment (Celia Project)	30 June 2018 LE 1,869,124,403 5,948,453,006 19,670,211,674 103,396,335 486,300 373,332,812 27,965,004,530	31 December 2017 LE 1,482,383,754 4,843,576,688 17,581,123,091 210,395,793 486,300 - 24,117,965,626
20- DIVIDEND PAYABLE  Shareholders share Board of directors share Employees share	30 June 2018 LE 483,822 245,326,492 635,530 246,445,844	31 December 2017 LE 483,822 249,448,845 635,530 250,568,197
21- ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CREDIT BALANCES  Retentions Other Credit Balances Accrued Expenses and Creditors Insurance for Other Due to Customers Contribution to the establishment - renew the club Club Subscriptions Insured units	30 June 2018 LE 1,181,553,790 823,596,265 33,214,488 7,152,751 5,807,771 55,610,041 603,681,218 4,157,806,153 6,868,422,477	31 December 2017 LE 954,959,237 330,751,960 66,940,533 7,394,761 6,198,752 55,610,041 525,218,936 3,904,810,201 5,851,884,421

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 22 - CAPITAL

The company's authorized capital amounted to LE 50,000,000 and the issued and paid up capital LE 6,000,000 divided over 600000 share of LE 10 par value each in 3 April 2007,

According to the extra ordinary general assembly meeting dated 6 October 2007, the company's authorized capital was increased by LE 29,950,000,000 to become LE 30,000,000,000 and the issued and paid capital was amended to be LE 18,152, 035,500 divided over 1,815,203,550 share of LE 10 par value each through share swap with the subsidiaries companies.

According to the extra ordinary general assembly meeting dated 28 October 2007, the company's issued and paid capital was increased to be LE 20,302,035,500 divided over 2,030,203,550 shares recorded in the commercial register on 25 November 2007.

The amount increased amounted to 2,150,000,000 was paid with a premium share amounted to LE 1, 6 per share by total amount LE 344,000,000.

According to the extra ordinary general assembly resolution dated 24 March 2010, The issued capital was reduced by the treasury stocks amounted of LE 169,720,520 par value as more than one year passed from the date of purchase and the issued capital is LE 20,132,314,980 (Twenty milliard and one hundred and thirty two million and fourteen thousand and nine hundred and eighty pound) Distributed to 2013231498 shares, recorded in the commercial register on 18 May 2010.

The extra ordinary general assembly resolution dated 31 March 2011concent on increase the issued capital by issuing bonus shares deducted from the retained earnings to be LE 20,635,622,860 par value LE 10 per share dividend to 2,063,562,286 shares, recorded in the commercial register on 24 May 2011.

#### 23 – LEGAL RESERVE

Legal reserve amounted to 274,484,336 as of 30 June 2018 represents the transferred amount of the shares Premium amounted to LE 344,000,000, and LE 1, 6 per share, part of the premium amounted to LE 185,880,702 was used to cover the IPO expenses, the remaining balance of LE 158,119,298 was transferred to the legal reserve, as well 5% of the net profit of the retained earnings of the prior years was also transferred to the legal reserve.

#### 24- GENERAL RESERVES

The general reserve balance amounted LE 61,735,404 as of 30 June 2018 includes amount of LE 25,747,613 represents the different results from shares swap of the company with the subsidiaries amounted according to the Extra Ordinary General Assembly Meeting dated 6 October 2007 to transfer the different to general reserve.

In addition to amount of LE 35,987,791 represent the difference between the par value and the book value of the treasury stocks that were redeemed according to the extraordinary general assembly resolution dated 24 March 2010.

#### 25- UNREALIZED GAIN ON AVAILABLE FOR SALE INVESTMENTS

The revaluation of available for sale investments balance amounted LE 45,593,004 as of 30 June 2018 represents the foreign exchange impact due valuation of the foreign available for sale investments as follows:

Net unrealized gain on available for sale investment

 30 June 2018
 31 December 2017

 LE
 LE

 46,705,304
 46,852,929

 46,852,929
 46,852,929

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 26- LOANS AND FACILITIES

	Short Term LE	Long Term LE	30 June 2018 LE	31 December 2017 LE
Banks Facilities	1,478,119,937	_	1,478,119,937	1,726,561,168
Loans *	639,657,938	2,934,270,067	3,573,928,005	3,503,746,833
	2,117,777,875	2,934,270,067	5,052,047,942	5,230,308,001

The loans and bank facilities are:

	Bank facilities	Loans	Amount in original currency
	LE	LE	•
Bank Audi	41,022,921	-	-
Feisal Islamic bank	-	16,666,652	-
Abou Dhabi Islamic bank	225,362,987	-	_
Qatar national bank	81,555,384	•	_
National bank of Egypt	15,176,069	-	-
Misr Iran bank	25,106,302	_	-
Arab bank	571,176,335	-	-
Emirates Dubai national bank	108,038,480	-	-
Kuwait national bank	241,778,158	240,700,000	-
Arab investment bank	70,962,978	•	-
Export development bank	3,114,131	-	-
Bank Misr	94,826,192	-	-
Al Ahly united bank – Euro	- 100	208,000,000	10,000,000 €
Al Ahly united bank - Dollar	-	3,108,561,353	174,344,439\$
	1,478,119,937	3,573,928,005	, , , , , , , , ,

<sup>\*</sup> The instalments due within the following period is recorded in the current liabilities and the loans are granted with commercial papers and financial securities in addition to fixed assets as follows:

- First degree mortgage on the land of san Stefano project Alexandria at 339 El gheish road, san Stefano- el raaml,
   Alexandria and all the building on it that owned by both san Stefano for real estate investment and san Stefano for tourism investments.
- First degree mortgage on the land of el Nile hotel, garden city Cairo and all the building on it that to El Nile Co, also the garage and club land at 4 Ahmed Raghib St, garden city Cairo.
- First degree mortgage on the land and the building of four season hotel sharm el sheik in shark bay sharm el sheik owned by Alexandria Saudi Co, for tourism investment.
- First degree mortgage on the land and the building of four season hotel Nile plaza, Cairo owned by Nova Park Co, excluding
  the total sold or available for sale units and its share in the land.

#### 27- NON -CURRENT LIABILITIES

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	LE	LE
New Urban Communities Authority	4,168,135,848	4,169,619,381
Corolease Company	294,272,500	-
United Company	731,845,000	
	5,194,253,348	4,169,619,381

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 28- INCOME TAX AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

The income tax was calculated as follows:

	30 June 2018 LE	30 June 2017 LE
Net book profit before tax	923,611,435	842,963,065
Adjustments to the net book profit to reach the net tax profit	(276,082,375)	(277,219,247)
Net taxable profit	647,529,060	565,743,818
Income Tax with rate 22.5%	145,694,039	127,292,359
Income Tax of other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Income tax for the period	145,694,039	127,292,359
Accrued income tax movement during the Period:		
	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	LE	LE
Balance at the beginning of the Period / year	515,148,715	379,831,696
Additions during the Period / year	145,694,039	383,098,437
Paid amounts	(396,978,160)	(247,781,418)
Balance at the end of the Period / year	263,864,594	515,148,715

The balance of deferred tax liabilities in 30 June 2018 is LE 112,011,977 which represents the different between accounting basis and tax basis and it's calculation as follow:

	30 June 2018 LE	31 December 2017 LE
Balance at the beginning of the Period / year Deferred tax current	(108,304,599) (3,707,378)	(81,062,572) (27,242,027)
Balance at the end of the Period / year	(112,011,977)	(108,304,599)

#### 29- REVENUE AND COST OF REVENUE

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017
	LE	LE
-Revenue from Sold Units	2,775,162,425	2,535,935,163
- Revenue from Hotels Operation	748,231,862	493,444,873
-Services Revenues	444,373,075	303,392,354
Total Revenues *	3,967,767,362	3,332,772,390
-Cost of Sold Units	1,636,200,598	1,593,743,971
- Cost of Hotels Operation	425,449,528	317,807,942
-Cost of Sold Services	338,597,607	218,578,982
Total Cost **	2,400,247,733	2,130,130,895

<sup>\*</sup> The supervision revenue has been eliminated in amount LE 4,787,249

<sup>\*\*</sup> The supervision cost has been eliminated in amount LE 158,015,043

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

### 29- REVENUE AND COST OF REVENUE (Continue)

Herein under the sectors analysis:

	Real Estate	Tourism & other	General		
		recurring revenues		30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	LE	LE	LE	LE	LE
Revenue	2,744,849,235	1,222,918,127	-	3,967,767,362	8,534,597,188
Cost of goods sold	1,641,217,853	759,029,880	-	2,400,247,733	5,414,857,306
<b>Gross Profit</b>	1,103,631,382	463,888,247	•	1,567,519,629	3,119,739,882
Depreciation	35,585,701	46,405,5111	39,717	82,030,929	144,829,694
Credit Interest	-	•	110,914,387	110,914,387	188,286,732
Investments Revenue	-	-	30,174,537	30,174,537	103,564,712
Other Revenue	-	-	64,596,177	64,596,177	45,352,699
Income Tax	-	•	149,401,417	149,401,417	(410,512,427)
Total Profits	496,743,316	343,666,127	(66,199,422)	774,210,021	1,383,711,292
Assets	60,685,220,926	6,676,899,887	-	67,362,120,813	43,055,743,124
Financial Investment	-	-	2,933,737,798	2,933,737,798	2,294,788,366
Unallocated Assets	-	-	16,454,495,305	16,454,495,305	15,609,759,010
<b>Total Assets</b>	60,685,220,926	6,676,899,887	19,388,233,103	86,750,353,916	60,960,290,500
Liabilities	52,387,396,146	3,799,264,538	•	56,186,660,684	43,819,118,076
Unallocated Liabilities	-	-	956,151,009	956,151,009	138,356,900
Total Liabilities	52,387,396,146	3,799,264,538	956,151,009	57,142,811,693	43,957,474,976

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### **30- OTHER INCOME**

	30 June 2018 LE	30 June 2017 LE
Rents from rental units and usufruct	40,284,446	28,887,367
Other	14,709,642	10,217,925
	54,994,088	39,105,292
31-CREDIT INTEREST, BONDS, T-BILLS REVENUES		
	30 June 2018	30 June 2017
	LE	LE
Credit interest	110,914,387	79,358,539
Bonds	9,252,468	9,202,792
Treasury Bills	20,679,232	34,271,068
	140,846,087	122,832,399
Change in accrued revenues (note 16)	5,742,972	(22,351,168)
Bonds amortization	32,612	<u> </u>
	146,621,671	100,481,231

#### 32- Cash Adjustments

Net non-cash adjustments reached EGP 31,362,421 representing elimination of transactions between subsidiaries, employee income appropriations, as well as changes in non-controlling interests, as follows:

- Employee appropriations and adjustments in Arab company for projects and urban development and its subsidiaries amounting to EGP (19,122,559).
- Adjustments and reserve movements in San Stefano for Real Estate Investment Company and its subsidiaries amounting to EGP (2,698,124).
- Adjustments and reserve movements in Alexandria for Real Estate Investment Company and its subsidiaries amounting to EGP (24,143,764).
- Change in non-controlling interests, reserve movements in Arab Company for Touristic and Hotel Investments and its subsidiaries amounting to EGP 26,838,510

#### 33-TAX SITUATION

#### Talaat Mostafa Group Holding company

#### a. Corporate tax

Tax returns were presented on time and no tax inspection was carried out yet.

#### b. Salary tax

- The company deducts and settles income tax on employee salaries on monthly basis and the quarterly income tax returns are submitted to the tax authority in a timely manner.

#### c. Stamp tax

- The company pays stamp tax on time to the tax authority, specifically the stamp tax on advertising expenses.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 33-TAX SITUATION (Continued)

#### Arab Company for Projects and Urban Development

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns regularly and in a timely manner sanctioned by the law. Inspection for the years until 2002 was carried out and the company received form (9-a) and settled the due amounts while appealing the form's assessment for year 1996 (period before incorporation).
- Inspection was carried out for years 2003-2006 and the company has been notified about tax claims and appealed the decision.
- For years 2007-2013 the company received tax form (19) and the file was transferred to internal tax committee.
- Inspection for years 2014-2015 was not yet carried out.
- According to the court appeal no 4233 dated 25 July 2004, the company's project is tax exempted beginning 1
  January 1997 for the phase I, beginning 1 January 1998 for the phase II and phase III, for a period of ten years
  while phases IV and V are also exempted.

#### b. Salary tax

- The company settles income tax deducted from employee salaries on a regular basis. And tax returns were submitted and settled in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.
- The company's records until 2004 were inspected and claims until this date were settled.
- Tax returns for years 2010-2013 were submitted and amounts due were paid in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.
- Inspection of records for years 2014-2015 was not yet carried out.

#### c. Stamp tax

Tax inspection of the company's records for years until 2010 was carried out and all tax claims were settled; the company pays stamp tax due on monthly basis according to law no. 11 for the year 1980, amended by law no. 143 for the year 2006.

#### San Stefano Company for real estate investments

#### a. Corporate tax

- Inspection of the company's records until 2004 was carried out and tax claims until that date were settled.
- Inspection of a sample of the company's records for year 2005 was suspended as per circular no. 3 for the year 2011 issued by the Tax Authority.
- Inspection of the company's records until 2006 was carried out, the claims were issued and appealed by company.
- Tax arbitration committee issued a decision regarding appeal for the year 2006 and legal proceedings pertaining to this decision are underway.
- Inspection of the company's records for years 2007-2014 is being carried out by the Large Taxpayer Office.
- The company submits its tax returns regularly and in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.

#### b. Salary tax

- Inspection of the company's records until 2005 was carried out and claims until year 2005 have been settled.
- Salary tax fir years 2006-2007 was calculated, tax claim was received and appealed. New inspection for years 2006 and 2007 is underway.
- Inspection of the company's records for years 2008-2013 is being carried out by the Large Taxpayer Office.
- The company submits its tax returns regularly and in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.

#### c. Stamp tax

- Inspection of the company's records until year 2013 was carried out and tax claims were received and settled.
- Inspection of the company's records for years 2014-2016 is being carried out by the Large Taxpayer Office.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 33-TAX SITUATION (Continued)

#### Alexandria Company for Real Estate Investments

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns regularly and in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.
- Inspection of the company's records since inception until 31 December 2004 was carried out and tax claims were settled.
- Inspection of the company's records for years 2005-2011 was carried out and settlement of tax claims is underway.
- Inspection of the company's records for years 2012-2013 was carried out and settlement of tax claims is underway.
- Inspection of the company's records for years 2014-2016 has not yet been carried out.

#### b. Salary tax

- Inspection of the company's records since inception until year 2007 was carried out and tax claims were settled.
- Inspection of the company's records for years 2009-2016 has not yet been carried out.

#### c. Stamp tax

- Inspection of the company's records until 30 April 2006 was carried out and tax claims were settled.
- Inspection of the company's records for the period from 1 May 2006 until 31 December 2016 has not yet been carried out.

#### Arab Company for Hotels and Tourism Investments

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns before the end of April of each year, as sanctioned by the Corporate Tax Law no. 91 of 2005 and settles tax claims on operating results annually.
- Inspection of the company's records has not yet been completed by the Tax Authority. Tax claims for years 2010-2012 were estimated by the Tax Authority and appealed by the company within a legal timeline, the appeal was accepted and inspection of the company's records for years 2010-2012 is underway.

#### b. Salary tax

The company deducts income tax on employee salaries on monthly basis and settles the amounts before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month in which the tax is incurred as per forms approved by the Tax Authority and submits its annual tax returns accompanied by payroll records and adjustments. The company received tax form no. (38) for years 2005-2010 and appealed the form within legal timeline, the appeal was accepted and inspection of the company's records for years 2005-2010 is underway.

#### c. Stamp tax

The company settles stamp tax in accordance with law no. 111 of 1980 and its amendments. Tax claims for the period 2006-2010 were estimated by the Tax Authority and appealed by the company, the appeal was accepted and inspection of the company's records for years 2006-2014 was carried out and the tax claims were settled.

#### Alexandria for Urban Projects

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns regularly and in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.
- Inspection of the company's records until 2007 was carried out and tax claims were settled.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 33-TAX SITUATION (Continued)

#### b. Salary tax

- The company deducts income tax on employee salaries in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.

#### c. Sales tax

 Inspection of the company's records until 31 December 2012 was carried out and tax claims until that date have been settled.

#### Al Rabwa for Entertainment Services

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns regularly and in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.
- Inspection of the company's records until 2004 was carried out.
- The company enjoys a tax holiday under the New Urban Communities law.

#### b. Salary tax

- The company deducts income tax on employee salaries in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.
- Inspection of the company's records until 2006 was carried out and tax claims were settled.

#### c. Stamp tax

- No tax inspection was carried out until 2007.
- The company's records until 2001 were inspected and tax claims were settled.

#### d. Sales tax

 The company submits its tax returns and settles claims regularly and in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.

### Al Masria for Development and Real Estate Projects

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns regularly and in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.
- The company submits its tax returns before the end of April of each year, as sanctioned by the Corporate Tax Law no. 91 of 2005 and settles tax claims on operating results annually.
- The company received tax form no. (19) for year 2010 and appealed the form within legal timeline, the appeal was accepted and inspection of the company's records for years 2010-2014 is underway.

#### b. Salary tax

The company deducts income tax on employee salaries on monthly basis and settles the amounts before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month in which the tax is incurred as per forms approved by the Tax Authority and submits its annual tax returns accompanied by payroll records and adjustments. The company received tax form no. (38) for years 2005-2011 and appealed the form within legal timeline, the appeal was accepted and inspection of the company's records for years 2005-2011 is underway.

#### c. Stamp tax

 The company settles stamp tax in accordance with law no. 111 of 1980 and its amendments and inspection of the company's records until 2005 was carried out and the company has not yet been notified of its results.

#### d. VAT

- The company is not subject to Value Added Tax (VAT), formerly sales tax.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 33-TAX SITUATION (Continued)

#### El Nile for Hotels company

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns before the end of April of each year, as sanctioned by the Corporate Tax Law no. 91 of 2005 and settles tax claims on operating results annually.
- The company received tax form no. (19) for years 2010-2012 and appealed the form within legal timeline.

#### b. Salary tax

The company deducts income tax on employee salaries on monthly basis and settles the amounts before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month in which the tax is incurred as per forms approved by the Tax Authority and submits its annual tax returns accompanied by payroll records and adjustments. Inspection of the company's records until 2011 was carried out and tax claims have been settled.

#### c. Stamp tax

 The company settles stamp tax in accordance with law no. 111 of 1980 and its amendments and inspection of the company's records until 2010 was carried out and tax claims have been settled.

#### d. VAT

- The company is subject to Value Added Tax (VAT), formerly sales tax, and submits relevant tax forms monthly.

#### San Stefano for Tourism Investment

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns before the end of April of each year, as sanctioned by the Corporate Tax Law no. 91 of 2005 and settles tax claims on operating results annually.
- Inspection of the company's records until 2011 was carried out and the company has not yet been notified of its results.

#### b. Salary tax

The company deducts income tax on employee salaries on monthly basis and settles the amounts before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month in which the tax is incurred as per forms approved by the Tax Authority and submits its annual tax returns accompanied by payroll records and adjustments.

#### c. Stamp tax

- The company settles stamp tax in accordance with law no. 111 of 1980 and its amendments. The company received tax form no. (19) for years 2011-2015 and appealed the form within legal timeline.

#### d. VAT

 The company is subject to Value Added Tax (VAT), formerly sales tax, and submits relevant tax forms monthly. Inspection of the company's records until 2010 was carried out and tax claims were settled while inspection of records until 2015 is underway.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 33-TAX SITUATION (Continued)

#### Nova Park Cairo company

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns before the end of April of each year, as sanctioned by the Corporate Tax Law no. 91 of 2005 and settles tax claims on operating results annually.
- Inspection of the company's records until 2010 was carried out and the company has not yet been notified of its results.

#### b. Salary tax

The company deducts income tax on employee salaries on monthly basis and settles the amounts before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month in which the tax is incurred as per forms approved by the Tax Authority and submits its annual tax returns accompanied by payroll records and adjustments. Inspection of the company's records until 2013 was carried out and the company has not yet been notified of its results.

#### c. Stamp tax

 The company settles stamp tax in accordance with law no. 111 of 1980 and its amendments. Inspection of the company's records until 2013 was carried out and the company has not yet been notified of its results.

#### d. VAT

 The company is subject to Value Added Tax (VAT), formerly sales tax, and submits relevant tax forms monthly. Inspection of the company's records until 2015 and the company appealed the authority's estimates.

#### Alexandria Saudi Company for Tourism Projects

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns before the end of April of each year, as sanctioned by the Corporate Tax Law no. 91 of 2005 and settles tax claims on operating results annually.
- Inspection of the company's records until 2014 was carried out and the company has not yet been notified of its results.

#### b. Salary tax

- The company deducts income tax on employee salaries on monthly basis and settles the amounts before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month in which the tax is incurred as per forms approved by the Tax Authority and submits its annual tax returns accompanied by payroll records and adjustments.
- Inspection of the company's records until 2013 was carried out and the company has not yet been notified of its results.

#### c. Stamp tax

- The company settles stamp tax in accordance with law no. 111 of 1980 and its amendments. Inspection of the company's records until 2014 was carried out and tax claims have been settled.

#### d. VAT

 The company is subject to Value Added Tax (VAT), formerly sales tax, and submits relevant tax forms monthly. Inspection of the company's records until 2014 and the company appealed the authority's estimates.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 33-TAX SITUATION (Continued)

### Luxor for Urban and Touristic Development company

#### a. Corporate tax

- The company submits its tax returns before the end of April of each year, as sanctioned by the Corporate Tax Law no. 91 of 2005 and settles tax claims on operating results annually.
- Inspection of the company's records has not yet been carried out by the Investment Tax Authority.

#### b. Salary tax

The company deducts income tax on employee salaries on monthly basis and settles the amounts before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of each month in which the tax is incurred as per forms approved by the Tax Authority and submits its annual tax returns accompanied by payroll records and adjustments. The company received tax form no. (38) for years 2011-2014 and appealed the form within legal timeline.

#### c. Stamp tax

The company settles stamp tax in accordance with law no. 111 of 1980 and its amendments. Inspection of the company's records until 2014 was carried out and tax claims have been settled.

#### d. VAT

- The company is not subject to Value Added Tax (VAT), formerly sales tax.

#### Mayfair Company for Entertainment Services

#### a. Corporate tax

 The company commenced operations in 2005 and no tax inspection was carried out until now. The company enjoys a tax holiday under the New Urban Communities law.

#### b. Salary tax

 The company settles income tax deducted from employee salaries in a timely manner sanctioned by the law and now inspection of the company's records has been carried out to date.

#### c. Stamp tax

No tax inspection was carried out to date of issuing the financial statements.

#### d. Sales tax

 The company submits its tax returns and settles claims regularly and in a timely manner sanctioned by the law.

#### Port Venice for Tourism Development

#### a. Corporate tax

The company has not yet commenced operations and enjoys a tax holiday under the provisions of Investments Guarantees and Incentives Law but the company submits annual tax returns in accordance to the income tax law no. 91 of 2005.

#### b. Salary tax

 There is no amounts subject to income tax on salaries as the company is inactive and no tax inspection was carried out yet.

#### c. Sales tax

- The company is not subject to sales tax.

#### d. Stamp tax

- No tax inspection was carried out to date of issuing the financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### 34- RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

To accomplish the company's objectives, the company deals with some related companies with the same terms of the other parties, it delegates some assignments in El Rehab City's project to them, and it may as well Pay off or settle some balances on behalf of them, these transactions balances appeared in the Assets and Liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

Alexandria Company for construction S.A.E is the main contractor for the companies' projects under the contracts signed by the companies.

TMG Company for real estate and tourism investment - some of the board members participate in it - owns 44.6% of Talaat Mostafa Group Holding.

For the Year Ended For the Year Ended

#### 34- RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continue)

The related party transactions that is included in the balance sheet statement:

	30 June 2018	31 December 2016	
	Notes payable	Notes payable	
Alexandria for Constructions Company	835,372	3,442,215	
	Debit balance	Debit balance	
Alexandria for Constructions Company	2,491,198	2,257,064	
	Credit balance	Credit balance	
Alexandria for Constructions Company	1,826,411	509,402	

### 35- CONTINGENT AND OTHER OBLIGATION CONTRACTED

There's no any contingent obligations unrecorded in the financial statements,

#### 36-FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- a) Credit risk.
- b) Market risk.
- c) Liquidity risk.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework, The Company's senior management are responsible for developing and monitoring the risk management policies and report regularly to the Parent Company on their activities.

The Company's current financial risk management framework is a combination of formally documented risk management policies in certain areas and informal risk management policies in other areas.

#### a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, The Company is exposed to credit risk principally from its receivables from customers, due from related parties, other receivables and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

### 36-FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continue)

#### Trade and notes receivables

The Company has entered into contracts for the sale of residential and commercial units on an instalment basis, The instalments are specified in the contracts, The Company is exposed to credit risk in respect of instalments due, However, the legal ownership of residential and commercial units is transferred to the buyer only after all the instalments are recovered, In addition, instalment dues are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Company's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer, The demographics of the Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country, in which customers operate, has less influence on credit risk, The Company earns its revenues from a large number of customers.

#### Other financial assets and cash deposits

With respect to credit risk arising from the other financial assets of the Company, which comprise bank balances and cash, financial assets at amortised cost, the Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these assets.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by local Company's treasury supported by the Parent Company, The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by only placing balances with international banks and local banks of good repute, Given the profile of its bankers, management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations.

### Due from related parties

Due from related parties relates to transactions arising in the normal course of business with minimal credit risk, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these balances.

#### b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, such as currency risk and interest rate risk, which will affect the Company's income, Financial instruments affected by market risk include interest-bearing loans and borrowings, and deposits, The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return, The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments.

#### Exposure to interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates, The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's obligations with floating interest rates and interest bearing time deposits, Interest on financial instruments having floating rates is re-priced at intervals of less than one year. Since the interest rate on the loans and financial obligations is an imfloating interest rate, the effect of the change in the interest rate will display in the financial statmenets of the company.

	30 June 2018		31 December 2017	
	Change in rate	Effect on profit before tax	Change in rate	Effect on profit before tax
Financial asset	+1% - 1%	EGP 21,017,891 (21,017,891)	+1% - 1%	EGP 26,079,359 (26,079,359)
Financial liability	+1% -1%	(35,739,280) 35,739,280	+1% - 1%	(52,727,230) 52,727,230

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

#### Exposure to foreign currency risk

The company exposed to the foreign currency risk mainly for the long term loans in us dollars, the following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, EUR, GBP, SAR and AED exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, The company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

## 36-FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continue)

	30 June 2018 Change in rate	Effect on profit before tax EGP	31 December 2017 Change in rate	Effect on profit before tax EGP
USD	+10%	277,862,883	+10%	270,560,434
	-10%	(277,862,883)	-10%	(270,560,434)
EUR	+10%	124,504	+10%	188,967
	-10%	(124,504)	-10%	(188,967)
GBP	+10%	25,521	+10%	24,611
G. D	-10%	(25,521)	-10%	(24,611)
SAR	+10%	13,403	+10%	782
S.P.	-10%	(13,403)	-10%	(782)
SF	+10%	390,734	+10%	391,372
4.77	-10%	(390,734)	-10%	(391,372)
AED	+10%	1,739	+10%	1,736
ATIN	-10%	(1,739)	-10%	(1,736)
AUD	+10%	450	+10%	492
CAR	-10%	(450)	-10%	(492)
CAD	+10%	3,927	+10%	-
	-10%	(3.927)	-10%	-

#### c) Liquidity risk

The cash flows, funding requirements and liquidity of the Company are monitored by local company management supported by the Parent Company, The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank borrowings, The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecasted and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The Company currently has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligations.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

#### Financial liabilities

	Less than 3 Months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at 30 June 2018 Bank Facilities Loans Creditors and Notes Payable Retentions	1,478,119,937 91,582,632 2,432,414,270 43,175	548,075,307 967,723,676	- 2,074,528,636 5,810,966,792	- 859,741,430 2,212,525,647	1,478,119,937 3,573,928,005 11,423,630,385
Accrued Expense and Other Credit Balances Insured units Income tax payable	41,829,772	1,174,397,224 781,120,010 - 261,943,489	7,113,391 298,852,741 - 1,921,105	407,260,011 4,157,806,153	1,181,553,790 1,529,062,534 4,157,806,153 263,864,594
	4,043,989,786	3,733,259,706	8,193,382,665	7,637,333,241	23,607,965,398

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2018

### 36-FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continue)

	Less than 3 Months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at 31 December 2017 Bank Facilities Loans Creditors and Notes Payable Retentions	1,726,561,168 47,898,000 702,370,010 127,414	- 507,288,788 2,360,041,520 947,683,895	- 2,034,807,009 365,262,246 7,142,442	- 913,753,036 292,723,681 5,486	1,726,561,168 3,503,746,833 3,720,397,457 954,959,237
Accrued Expense and Other Credit Balances Insured units	208,073,963	571,022,436	189,909,383	23,109,202 3,904,810,201	992,114,984 3,904,810,201
Income tax payable	2,685,030,555	511,449,684 4,897,486,323	3,699,031 2,600,820,111	5,134,401,606	515,148,715  15,317,738,595

#### 37-FAIR VALUE OF THE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The financial instruments are represented in financial assets and financial liabilities, the financial assets include cash on hand and at banks, account receivable, debtors and other debit balances, the financial liabilities include banks overdrafts, accounts payable, creditors and other credit balances.

The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities are not substaintialy differed from the recorded book value unless it is mentioned.

#### 38-LEGAL STATUS

According to the legal consultant opinion, the following suites that rose from others are properly won:

- Appeal #6913 for the law year 58 from Arab company for projects and urban development in the case # 5087,15777/65 Administration Cairo rose regarding the validate of madinaty land contract dated 8/11/2011 and the reprice the unused part of the land, and the case is suspended till receive the supreme court decision regarding the legibility of the law.
- Appeal # 41817/66 administrative Cairo rose from Mr. Ahmed Abdel baseir against Arab company for projects and urban development and ready for justification.
- Case #66/5324 rose from Hamdy Al Fakharany to cancel the resolution of the contract dated 8/11/2010 between
  the new urban communities' authority and the Arab company for projects and urban development, is booked for
  the report and the case is not yet rescheduled.
- Case # 314/2011 from the governor of south Sinai against the Egyptian company for development and real estate projects.
- Appeal # 838/83 rose from Soliman salman salim against the Egyptian company for development and real estate projects.
- Case #25/107 rose from Mostafa Kamal Abdel Rehim against government of south Sinai at the court of sharm el sheikh.
- Case # 30/25 rose the Egyptian company for development and real estate projects against the governor of south sauna.
- Appeal # 2015/54 rose from Alexandria Saudi Company for tourism projects against the government of south Sinai at the court of el tour.